

TWO CENTS.

SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 30, 1902.

TWO CENTS.

THE NEXT STEP MUST BE CASTRO'S

European Powers Are Now Waiting for Him to Advance Arbitration Plans.

MINISTER BOWEN TO SUPERVISE PROTOCOL

State Department Authorizes Our Minister to Facilitate Drafting of Preliminary Treaty for Submitting Venezuelan Case to The Hague Tribunal—He Is Expected to Come to Washington to Meet Envoys.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 29.—The Venezuelan negotiations now wait upon President Castro. Minister Bowen has been fully advised by the State Department of the result of its exchanges with the Foreign Office at London, Berlin and Rome. He has been charged to take the case in hand himself and arrange the details of the protocol which will precede the submission of the foreign claims to the arbitration of The Hague tribunal. In so doing Mr. Bowen is acting, not as United States minister, but as Venezuela's representative.

The officers here wish it to be distinctly understood that their functions ceased, so far as the Venezuelan difficulty was concerned, when they brought the parties to the controversy together. By the latest Venezuelan advice it is noted that President Castro is expected at Caracas to-day, and it is felt that he will not consume much time in making up his mind to accept the proposals held out to him through Minister Bowen by the allied powers.

It now seems probable that Minister Bowen will come to Washington as Venezuela's representative on the commission which will draw up the protocol providing for the submission of the claims of the powers to The Hague tribunal. It has been decided that he must so represent Venezuela notwithstanding the fact that he is at present charged with the interests of Great Britain, Germany, Italy and other European powers in Venezuela.

Mr. Russell's Past.

As soon as he leaves Venezuela this charge will pass to Mr. Russell, the secretary and chargé d'affaires at Legation, whose reputation at the state department is that of a thoroughly competent and able man. The selection of Mr. Bowen will cause a postponement of the assembling of the proposed commission until he can arrive here from Caracas.

Berlin, Dec. 29.—Foreign Secretary von Richthofen is awaiting the receipt of President Castro's answer to the proposal to submit the Venezuelan dispute to the arbitration of The Hague tribunal, with certain reservations, before corresponding with Great Britain over the personnel of the tribunal, or the date for ruling the blockade.

"Assuming that President Castro declines to accept the reservations, will arbitration fall through?" a correspondent of the Associated Press asked a foreign office authority today. The reply was:

"A settlement will be reached by arbitration in any event."

PENNSYLVANIA PROMOTIONS.

Appointments Made by J. R. Wood, General Passenger Agent.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—J. R. Wood, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad company has appointed Colin Studd as passenger agent to succeed W. W. Lord, Jr., who has been promoted to the position of passenger agent for the middle division, with headquarters in this city, to succeed J. H. Shoemaker, transferred.

Edgar Yungman, who was only a few months ago appointed passenger agent of the company at Baltimore, will succeed Colin Studd as passenger agent of the southeastern district with headquarters in Washington. Hugh Hanson, Jr., has been appointed acting passenger agent at Baltimore.

All these appointments are to go into effect on January 1.

PEACE WILL BE DECLARED.

President Pulliam Takes a Rosy View of the Base Ball Situation.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 29.—President Harry Pulliam, of the National League of Base Ball clubs, is in the city, and says he believes the fight between the National and American leagues will be amicably adjusted next week in Cincinnati. An agreement just at this time would have the effect of restoring the old order of things, says Mr. Pulliam, and if base ball were again on its old footing it would be an immense lift to the game all over the country.

Ex-Patrolman in Jail.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, Dec. 29.—Milton D. Speese, an ex-patrolman of this city, was today committed to jail at Carlisle to answer charges of obtaining money under false pretense, impersonating an officer, and forgery. Speese is a native of Harrisburg. Mrs. Sam Frank and her daughter, Mrs. Dickinson, of New Cumberland, out of jail.

Socialist Bureau Meets.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Brussels, Dec. 29.—A meeting of the International Socialist bureau was held here this afternoon and action relating to the possible results of the economic war, with which it is claimed, the United States is threatening Europe, was debated. The deliberations were held in secret. Resolutions which will be published later were drafted.

NEW JERSEY MEAT TRUST.

A \$3,000,000 Corporation Authorized to Buy and Sell Stock.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 29.—Articles were filed with the secretary of state today incorporating the firm of Morris & Company, with a capital stock of \$3,000,000. The entire issue is common stock, valued at \$400 a share. The company is authorized to buy and sell cattle, hogs and sheep, and to operate stock yards, packing houses, etc. The incorporators of record are Albert Obydyke, Newell Lyon, Thomas J. Curran, Philip Bromberg and John V. Smith, all of Jersey City.

The articles of incorporation give the board of directors power to appoint an executive committee, with full power of the board of directors themselves, and also gives the board of directors authority to any other person or persons to execute the business of the company. It is understood that the principle incorporators of the company are members of the firm of Nelson Morris & Co., meat packers, of Chicago.

THE PSYCHOLOGY OF THE LABOR QUESTION

A New View of the Underlying Features Which Cannot Be Reached by Statistical Methods.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 29.—The vice president of the several sections of the American Association for the Advancement of Science delivered addresses this afternoon on a variety of technical subjects, and tonight the entire association listened to the annual address of the retiring president, Professor Hall. There were ten separate sectional meetings in all. For Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor and vice president of the section of social and economic science, spoke before that body on "The Psychology of the Labor Question." He said in part:

Observation and experience, covering many years of investigations and studies of the labor question, have convinced me that there are underlying features which cannot be reached by the statistical method; that the mental attitude of parties has very much to do with the labor question from whatever standpoint it is considered. This will be illustrated by the statistics of strikes and lockouts. At the eleventh census an attempt was made to classify the causes of the reasons for striking homes and the reasons for locking out homes. The statistics indicated that the percentage of the strikes was due to the fact that a mortgage represents disaster, or failure, or some ill condition. The balance of the strikes were due to the lack of business capacity, some form of failure or disaster coming to the proprietor. So, in the labor problem, one can ascertain the total number of strikes and the percentage of the strikes, but the real motive of the strike cannot be disclosed by the statistics, and often the psychological point of view is the key to the understanding of the strike. The mental attitude of the parties has very much to do with the labor question from whatever standpoint it is considered. This will be illustrated by the statistics of strikes and lockouts. At the eleventh census an attempt was made to classify the causes of the reasons for striking homes and the reasons for locking out homes. The statistics indicated that the percentage of the strikes was due to the fact that a mortgage represents disaster, or failure, or some ill condition. The balance of the strikes were due to the lack of business capacity, some form of failure or disaster coming to the proprietor. So, in the labor problem, one can ascertain the total number of strikes and the percentage of the strikes, but the real motive of the strike cannot be disclosed by the statistics, and often the psychological point of view is the key to the understanding of the strike.

THE BOLD ROBBERY OF A PAWNSHOP

Window Smashed with a Belgian Paving Block and \$10,000 Worth of Gems Taken.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Dec. 29.—In full view of the passing crowd a window in the pawnshop of J. Simpson & Co., on West 42d street was smashed with a Belgian paving block to-night and \$10,000 worth of diamonds were stolen. Only three of the gems were recovered after the capture of the robber. It is believed by the police that several men were in the job and that the man who broke the window passed the jewels to confederates.

After an exciting chase, which was entered into by hundreds of men, the robber who drew a pistol and fought desperately for his liberty was captured. He was more dead than alive when the police rescued him from the crowd of pursuers. He is 19 years old, and calls himself William Madison, of Boston.

It was one of the most daring robberies heard of in New York for a long time. The shop was about to close when a paving block covered with paper, crashed through the window and in an instant a tray of diamond rings and pins disappeared. One of the clerks jumped over the counter and pursued the man who broke the window. A great crowd followed and when the man was overtaken he was buried under a score of men and so badly battered that a physician's services were required.

Madison said he came here a week ago and was prompted to commit the deed by cold and hunger. It is said at the store that at the time the window was broken there was on show about \$100,000 worth of jewels.

Madison later told the police that his name is Angus W. McPherson, and that he is a bell boy at a well-known hotel in New York. He said that he was heavily in debt and sought to relieve his financial stringency by robbery.

THE NEW MAINE IS IN COMMISSION

Captain Lentze Will Have Charge of the Battleship Replacing the One Blown Up in Havana.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—The new battleship Maine was placed in commission at the League Island navy yard today.

She was turned over to Captain Lentze, who will command her. The Maine was built to take the place of the battleship of the same name blown up in Havana before the Spanish-American war.

The new fighter will be manned, coaled and provisioned as quickly as possible and sent to the West Indies to take part in the maneuvers under Admiral Dewey. Sixty marines arrived today from Washington for the big fighting machine. The full complement of men for the Maine will be 550.

Electrician's Fatal Experiment.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Doylstown, Pa., Dec. 29.—Frank Goss, aged 18 years, an assistant at the sub-power station of the Newton Electric Street Railway company at Doylstown, was today killed by a high tension wire. The full current of 6,000 volts passed through his body.

National Guard Inspections.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, Dec. 29.—General orders were issued today by Adjutant General Stewart announcing that the date of the spring inspection of the National Guard of Pennsylvania will begin February 1 next.

DURBAR OPENS IN SPLENDOR

Lord and Lady Curzon Enter Delhi in Scene of Unparalleled Grandeur.

ORIENTALS WELCOME THE VICEROY

Grand Procession, with Full Pageantry of Indian Celebration, Took Place Yesterday Morning, Inaugurating the Festivities of the Week—The Viceroy Received Cordially at the Capital of the Moguls.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Delhi, Dec. 29.—The viceroy, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, made his state entry this morning into the capital of the Moguls. This constituted the official opening of the durbar, held to celebrate the accession of King Edward as Emperor of India. It was a splendid pageant, unparalleled in magnificence.

At the head of the elephant procession rode Lord and Lady Curzon on the state "grand tusk" twelve feet high, the largest elephant in India. Their howdah was decked with gold and silver, and the elephant itself was almost hidden beneath a gold-wadded saddle cloth. Surrounding them were footmen in scarlet and gold liveries and bearing massive silver staves.

The Duke of Connaught, who represented King Edward, and the Duchess of Connaught followed. Their elephant was gorgeously caparisoned. Then, in order of precedence, came the Nizam of Hyderabad, the Maharajah of Travancore and other ruling chiefs, seventy in all, their huge elephants forming a line a quarter of a mile in length.

The colorful cavalcade started from the railway station preceded by dragon guards and artillery, the viceroy's escort, and by heralds and trumpeters. The route was entirely lined by British and native troops.

The viceroy's howdah, posted at the front commanding the Lahore Gate, guns thundered out a royal salute as the viceroy passed with the heralds and trumpeters sounding at intervals spirited fanfares.

The cavalcade moved in front of a magnificent line of 150 elephants, carrying the brilliantly dressed retainers of the ruling chiefs. The colossal beasts all saluted by trumpeting and throwing their trunks in the air.

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will be the most elaborate of its kind ever held. Government emissaries have been traveling through India for some time, collecting from public and private sources the most precious objects in each and ordering of selected artisans the choicest products of their skill.

The crowning event will be on Thursday, when the coronation will be held. The great amphitheater is shaped like a horseshoe. The viceroy and Lady Curzon will arrive in state, with a full escort, and will occupy a dais in the inner recesses of the arena. The ruling chiefs and leading guests will be ranged in the front rows of the adjoining tiers.

The ceremony will consist of the reading of the coronation proclamation, the lifting of a royal salute, playing by massed bands, the viceroy's address to the assembled multitude and the presentation of the ruling princes.

The night of Jan. 2 the city will be illuminated by the matches. Indian manner, which is far more artistic than western methods. There will be a grand display of fireworks.

All sorts of other celebrations are to follow, including a state ball, a chapter of the Indian orders and a grand review of all the troops, British and native.

FOURTH SESSION OF ECONOMIC SOCIETY

Henry White Delivers an Address on "The Union Shop"—Other Matters Discussed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—The fourth session of the annual meeting of the American Economic Association was opened today by the discussion of problems of organized labor. Henry White, secretary of the United Garment Workers of America, delivered an address on "The Union Shop."

The discussion was taken part by Samuel Donnelly, former president of the Typographical union, No. 6, New York; Hamilton Carhart, Detroit, and John E. George, assistant professor of economics, Northwestern university. The aims of organized labor was the topic of the afternoon session. Frank K. Foster, of the executive committee of the legislative committee of the Massachusetts Federation of Labor, read a paper on "The Ideals of Trade Unions."

The discussion which followed the reading of the paper was participated in by Samuel B. Chase, manager of the King Philip mill, Fall River; Melville J. Ford, manager of the executive board of the International Association of Machinists, New York; Felix Adler, professor of social and political ethics, Columbia university, and George Gunton, president Institute of Social Economics, New York.

At the conclusion of the reading of papers, it was announced that John Mitchell was unable to present. Mr. Mitchell sent a letter of regret, in which he stated that pressure of Mine Workers' business prevented his attendance.

Jeremiah W. Jenks, professor of political economy and politics, Cornell university, was the speaker of tonight's session of the convention. His topic, "Currency Problems in the Orient," was discussed by Charles A. Conant, treasurer Morton Trust company, New York, and G. Bruce Webster, New York agent of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.

MOROCCO SITUATION IS NOT HOPELESS

Defeat of the Sultan's Troops Is Said to Have Been Due to a Surprise.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Madrid, Dec. 29.—Premier Silvela says the Spanish minister at Tangier, telegraphs that he has had an interview with the minister of foreign affairs of Morocco, who, while he takes a gloomy view of the situation, says it is not hopeless. The defeat of the sultan's troops, the foreign minister adds, was due to a surprise.

The premier added he supposed other powers would send warships to Morocco.

These army officers who were absent on furloughs have been ordered to return to their posts. A regiment of infantry has left Tangier, and another is being held in readiness to go. Forces of cavalry, artillery and engineers, as well as a detachment of the hospital corps are also ready to be moved.

Yakuba, Island of Malta, Dec. 29.—H. M. S. Bacchante, the flagship of Admiral Walker, together with the British battleships Canopus and Victorious and the cruiser Diana, have left here for Gibraltar. It is believed in connection with the Moroccan situation. The battleship Implacable will follow the other warships shortly.

London, Dec. 29.—A despatch to the Times from Tangier, dated Dec. 29, says a courier from Fes reports the Christians there to be safe. The mission of women are in the British consulate.

The attack on the camp occurred at night time. It is reported that 2,000 of the sultan's troops were killed. An absurd rumor is current, continues the correspondent, that the French are supporting the rebels. As a matter of fact the anti-Christian movement is more dangerous to the French than to anybody else, as it threatens them in Algeria.

Tangier is tranquil. No disturbances of any kind need be feared here.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Dec. 29.—Eugene Jones, a member of the Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling company, died at the Presbyterian hospital here today. He resided in Elizabeth, N. J.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 29.—John J. Dickey, superintendent of the western district of the Western Union Telegraph company, died at his home here tonight. His death was very sudden and was the result of an attack of his grippe, which later developed into pneumonia.

OPPOSITION TO CUBAN TREATY

THE WANSTEAD ACCIDENT.

Investigation Shows No Superior Officer Was to Blame.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Montreal, Dec. 29.—Mr. McGuigan, manager of the Grand Trunk railway, in a statement this afternoon, explains that it had not been the blinding snow storm, the Wanstead accident would have been averted as the road between Wanstead and Watford is perfectly straight for four miles. It has been claimed that the operator could have remedied his mistake at King's Court, but the latter is not a night station and the train, which was running at the rate of 70 miles an hour, covered the distance between Wanstead and Watford, which is a steep down grade in side of four and a half minutes. The conductor, Mr. McGuigan says, certainly went into the telephone office at Watford and obtained his clearing order. If the operator has an order which he claims cancelled the original one, he must produce it.

After the coroner's inquiry is concluded the Grand Trunk will institute an investigation of its own.

"In the meantime," said Mr. McGuigan, today, "I do not feel justified in making any further charges, but I will say that so far as we can ascertain no superior officer of the road is to be blamed. It is simply one of those inexplicable accidents in which the human mind has been lacking."

"The material loss to property will not exceed ten or fifteen thousand dollars, but the company expects it will have to face a loss of a quarter of a million by the time all the claims have been settled."

There can be no blame attached to the engineer, MacKenzie, Mr. McGuigan says, and the charge that he was overworked is not true. The train in question, No. 5, left Niagara Falls at 2:25 p. m., reaching the tunnel at 8:25 p. m., so that the train crew were only on duty seven hours.

DAVIES DEFERS THE ANTI-TRUST QUESTION

Attorney General of New York Leaves the Whole Matter to His Successor.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Attorney General Davies today promulgated a decision upon the application pending before him for the commencement of an action against the Philadelphia and Reading coal and iron company and others, under the so-called anti-trust law. He defers the whole question to his successor, saying that no further action will be taken during his term of office.

In his memorandum he reviews the history of the petition before him, refraining from "embarrassing my successor," as he says, "by any expression of opinion upon my part."

"It is hardly necessary for me to recall," he says, "the state of public feeling and the excited condition of the public mind at the dates mentioned, growing out of the coal strike and the suffering, actual and threatened, from the coal famine."

"At the time when this petition was filed, conferences were being held on the subject between the parties interested and the president, and while the application before me was pending, a commission was appointed by the president of the United States to arbitrate the differences between the operators and their employees, and the mining of coal was thereupon resumed. Thus the immediate and urgent question of a supply of winter fuel for the people was disposed of. The proceedings before the commission are in progress, and it is not likely that they will be terminated during my term of office. In my judgment, nothing ought to be done which might in any way interfere with the proceedings of that body or with the settlement of any great questions of public interest which it is considering and endeavoring to adjust."

"If the attorney general shall ultimately decide that the public interest demands the commencement of an action against these companies, it should be postponed until after the report of the commission appointed by the president and the controversy between the operators and the miners terminated."

THE UNION LABEL FAD.

Big Extension of Its Use Contemplated in Chicago.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—A movement is on foot among the organized workmen of Chicago to put a union label on every piece of building material and furniture that goes into a house.

Within three months, it is predicted, carpets, picture frames, mirrors, chairs, doors, bricks and doormats will bear tags showing that they were made by union men.

WILL SUPERVISE COLLECTION OF ITALIAN CLAIMS.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Rome, Dec. 29.—The Italian minister at The Hague, the Chevalier Tugiani, has been ordered personally to supervise the procedure in the matter of the settlement of the Italian claims against Venezuela before the international peace court at The Hague.

President's New Year Compliments.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 29.—The governor general has received a private telegram from the president of the United States conveying best wishes to himself and Lady Minto for the New Year and expressing earnest hope for the welfare and prosperity of Canada.

The Friends of the Measure Are Now Considerably Concerned Over the Matter.

SENATORS TAKE GROUND AGAINST THE SCHEME

These Are of Two Classes: Those Who Are Opposed on Principle to Any "Tariff Tinkering," and Those Who Represent States Whose Products May Be Affected by the Concessions Extended to Cuba by the Pending Treaty—Apprehension That the Ratification of the Cuban Concessions May Establish a Dangerous Precedent.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Considerable opposition is developing to the ratification of the Cuban reciprocity treaty now pending in the senate. It is not taking quite the form that the opposition to the Cuban legislation usually takes, but it is sufficient in substance to give concern to the friends of the treaty.

From time to time, as opportunity offers, the president is discussing the matter with senators, particularly those who are known to have objected to the enactment of legislation extending tariff concessions to the Cuban republic. Several weeks ago it appeared that the treaty, when presented to the senate, would be ratified without difficulty; but some senators now are taking as strong ground against the treaty as they took against the legislation proposed at the last session of congress.

These senators are of two classes, who are opposed on principle to any "tariff tinkering" and those who represent states whose products may be affected by the concessions extended to Cuba by the pending treaty.

Senators of the first class might be induced to support the treaty, inasmuch as it does not involve, in their view, an attack on the system of protection, were it not for their apprehension that the ratification of the Cuban treaty may lead to a death knell for other countries that they, too, be accorded special tariff concessions by the United States. It has been indicated to the president that in the event of the ratification of the Cuban treaty, a demand may be expected from Germany within thirty days for concessions similar to those accorded Cuba.

Desire of the Emperor.

The most distinct desire of the German emperor, it is pointed out, is for the extension of the foreign commerce of his empire. He, of course, regards Cuba as a nation foreign to the United States, and so far as a commercial concern, on all four with Germany, tariff concessions are granted to Cuba. Germany, under the most favored nation clause, will request that she be given similar concessions. That request may take the form of almost a demand. If it be not granted the emperor is expressed that Germany may in legislation that will be inimical to the industrial development of the country, so far as Germany is concerned, even if it should not curtail American commerce already established in Germany and its possessions.

The same argument is applied to other countries, Germany being used simply as an example of what may be expected of all of the great foreign nations with which the United States has extensive commercial relations.

Today the president had an hour conference with Senator Scott, of West Virginia, during which the question of the reciprocity question in all its phases, Senator Scott is offering no capacious opposition to the Cuban treaty, but he is particularly desirous that nothing should be done which in the end may result in difficulties arising out of our present tariff policy.

The president, it is said, believes that the Cuban treaty will be ratified on a promise, direct or implied, made to the Cuban people when they were in the throes of the organization of their government. In this view the president is supported by a large majority of the Republican senators. While some trouble is anticipated in ratifying the treaty, it is generally believed that ratification will not be delayed seriously.

Corporations Chartered.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, Dec. 29.—A charter was issued today by the state department to the Gordon Supply and Manufacturing company of Scranton; capital, \$100,000.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Local data for Dec. 29, 1902:

Highest temperature..... 33 degrees

Lowest temperature..... 11 degrees

Relative humidity..... 84 per cent.

8 a. m. 85 per cent.

Precipitation, 24 hours ended 8 p. m., .13 inch.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday: Fair; Pennsylvania—Clearing Tuesday; Wednesday fair; fresh west winds.